



## Maisflocken

### JEDNOTLIVÉ KRMIVO

#### Feed material

K tej výhodám oproti ovsu patrí vyšší podiel energie pri súčasnom nižšom množstve bielkovín. Nespornou nevýhodou kukurice je však jej tvrdá štruktúra, v dôsledku ktorej sa hodnotné obsiahnuté látky dajú sčasti len nedostatočne požuť a stráviť. Ak sa však kukurica hydrotermicky upraví pomocou vlhkého tepla, rozvinú vznikajúce kukuričné vločky svoje výhody pri kŕmení koní: Vločkováním sa výrazne zvyšuje strávitelnosť a znášanlivosť kukurice, ktorá sa stáva omnoho chutnejšou. Kukuričné vločky preto používajte na zvýšenie hodnoty bežného jadrového krmiva, alebo aj ako hodnotný základ individuálne zloženého krmiva zo žľabu. Mimochodom: 0,8 kg kukurice nahradí z hľadiska energetickej hodnoty približne 1 kg ovsu

#### Odporučanie pre kŕmenie:

#### Feeding recommendation:

for horses:

- Due to the high energy density in connection with the content of valuable fatty acids and carotenoids, corn flakes are often fed to sport and breeding horses to upgrade their feed diet in addition to sufficient roughage.
- As an alternative to oats, 0.8kg of corn flakes replace 1kg of oats.
- In case of liver insufficiency and kidney diseases with high urea values in the blood plasma, Corn Flakes are recommended as an energy supply in protein-reduced diets.

for chicken and other poultry species:

- For laying hens and breeders, Corn Flakes are working as an energetic upgrade in the daily feed mixture and complete the diet with high content of essential fatty acids and carotenoids.
- This supports a well pigmentation of the egg yolk.
- In pullet feed, we recommend limiting the mixing rate of Corn Flakes to a maximum of 30% in order to prevent unwanted fat formation and increased fat deposits in the ovaries
- We also recommend a maximum of 30% Corn Flakes in the feed rations for waterfowl in order to avoid disadvantageous fat formation.

for small animals:

- Corn flakes should only be fed to rabbits and rodents in moderation or in phases with increased energy requirements, such as to feed weakened animals.
- Because the digestive tract of our little darlings is not designed for a high starch and energy content in the feed, which is why excessive grain feeding





can quickly lead to obesity and metabolic problems.

- To stimulate the activity and the search for food, we recommend mixing corn flakes with 1 teaspoon once or twice a week into the feed ration or "hiding" them in the hay/fresh bedding.

For the diet construction, don't hesitate to contact us for individual advices which we recommend to closely coordinate with the treating vet.

g/kg využiteľný surový proteín: 59,9 g/kg

preceacal digestible protein (pcvRp): 54,7 g/kg

MJ/kg využiteľná energia: 13,6 MJ DE/kg

Metabolizable energy (MJ ME): 12,8 MJ ME/kg

**Podielny obsiahnutých látok:** 8,50 % Surový proteín, 3,00 % Surový tuk, 1,80 %

Surová vláknina, 1,00 % Surový popol, 0,03 % Vápník, 0,30 % Fosfor, 61,60 % Škrob,

1,80 % Cukor